SAFETY DATA SHEET

Zinsser BIN® Primer-Sealer Stain-Killer

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Zinsser BIN® Primer-Sealer Stain-Killer
Product description: Paint. Primer
Product type: Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Industrial uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumer uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional uses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium
Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200
Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS: rpmeurohas@ro-m.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier
Telephone number: +44 (0) 207 858 1228
Hours of operation: 24 / 7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
- Flam. Liq. 2, H225
- Eye Dam. 1, H318
- Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:

- Flammable liquid
- Skin corrosion
- Danger

Hazard statements:
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**General**

| Prevention | P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection:  
- Butyl rubber gloves. safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Response | P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P305 - IF IN EYES:  
P351 - Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.  
P338 - Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P370 - In case of fire:  
P378 - Use water spray, dry chemical powder or carbon dioxide for extinction. |
| Storage | P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
P235 - Keep cool. |
| Disposal | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |

**Hazardous ingredients**

- resin acids and rosin acids, fumarated, esters with glycerol

**Supplemental label elements**

- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger: Yes, applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

- Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements**

- Not applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards**

- Other hazards which do not result in classification: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2 Mixtures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ethanol                 | EC: 200-578-6  
CAS: 64-17-5  
Index: 603-002-00-5  
EC: 307-051-0  
| resin acids and rosin acids, fumarated, esters with glycerol | | ≥5 - <10 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | [1] |
|                         | | | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

**Type**

Date of issue/Date of revision: 6/12/2016  
Date of previous issue: 6/12/2016  
Version: 2.01  
2/13
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains resin acids and rosin acids, fumarated, esters with glycerol. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazard from the substance or mixture : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Additional information : Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection
Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage
Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions
Observe label precautions. Do not store above the following temperature: 30°C (86°F). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Notification and MAPP threshold</th>
<th>Safety report threshold</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>50000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations  : Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions  : Not available.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). TWA: 1920 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs
No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs
No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection
There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: butyl rubber (0.6 mm), fluor rubber foil or PTFE (EN 374).

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

EN 374-3 : 2003

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Wear overalls or long sleeved shirt. (EN 1149-1)

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type AX) (EN 140).

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]

Colour: White.

Odour: Alcohol-like.

Odour threshold: Not available.

pH: 4.5

Melting point/freezing point: Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 78°C

Flash point: Closed cup: 17°C [Setaflash.]

Evaporation rate: <1 (Butyl acetate. = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas): Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Emits toxic fumes when heated to decomposition.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Lower: 3%  
Upper: 19%

Vapour pressure: 10 kPa [room temperature]

Vapour density: >1 [Air = 1]
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Relative density : 1.24

Solubility(ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: methanol.
                Partially soluble in the following materials: acetone.
                Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
                Insoluble in the following materials: diethyl ether and n-octanol.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : 180°C

Decomposition temperature : >200°C

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): >500 mPa·s
           Kinematic (room temperature): >4.03 cm²/s

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Explosive properties : Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.
                       Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.
                       Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO₂ and smoke can be generated.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Contains resin acids and rosin acids, fumarated, esters with glycerol. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/12/2016  Date of previous issue : 6/12/2016  Version : 2.01  9/13
SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Mobility**: Volatile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- **PBT**: Not applicable.
- **vPvB**: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product**

**Methods of disposal**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste**: Yes.

**Disposal considerations**

- Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
- Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.
- If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.
- For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)**

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08 01 11*</td>
<td>waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Packaging**

**Methods of disposal**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations**

- Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.
- Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.
- Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

**Special precautions**: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.1 UN number</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1263</td>
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</table>

|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Danger Symbol]</td>
<td>![Danger Symbol]</td>
<td>![Danger Symbol]</td>
<td>![Danger Symbol]</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.4 Packing group</th>
<th>II</th>
<th>II</th>
<th>II</th>
<th>II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.5 Environmental hazards</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional information</th>
<th>Remarks: (&lt; 5L:) Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADR Tunnel code: (D/E)</td>
<td>Emergency schedules (EmS): F-E + S-E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine pollutant: NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: (&lt; 5L:) Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.6 Special precautions for user</th>
<th>Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern
None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Other EU regulations
**VOC**

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture**

IIA/i. One-pack performance coatings. EU limit value for this product: 500g/l (2010.) This product contains a maximum of 500 g/l VOC.

**Europe inventory**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria**

| Category          |  
|-------------------|-------------------|
| P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b |  

**References**


**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**CN code**

3208 90 99

**International lists**

**National inventory**

| Country            |  
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Australia          | Not determined.   |
| Canada             | Not determined.   |
| China              | Not determined.   |
| Japan              | Not determined.   |
| Malaysia           | Not determined.   |
| New Zealand        | Not determined.   |
| Philippines        | Not determined.   |
| Republic of Korea  | Not determined.   |
| Taiwan             | Not determined.   |
| United States      | Not determined.   |

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements:
- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]:
- Eye Dam. 1, H318: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
- Flam. Liq. 2, H225: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
- Skin Sens. 1, H317: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

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Notice to reader:
The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier’s control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user’s own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.